

Lineare Gleichungssysteme Aufgabe 28

$$\frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{6} = \frac{5}{6} \mid *6 \text{ da Hauptnenner }= 6$$

$$3x + y = 17 \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \mid *12 \text{ da Hauptnenner }= 12$$

$$4x + 3y = 36 \quad (2)$$

$$3x + y = 17 \mid *(-3)$$

$$4x + 3y = 36$$

$$\begin{aligned} -9x - 3y &= -51 \\ \underline{4x + 3y} &= 36 \\ -5x &= -15 \mid :(-5) \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{x = 3}$$

x in (2) eingesetzt

$$4 * 3 + 3y = 36 \mid -12$$

$$3y = 24 \mid :3$$

$$\mathbf{y = 8}$$