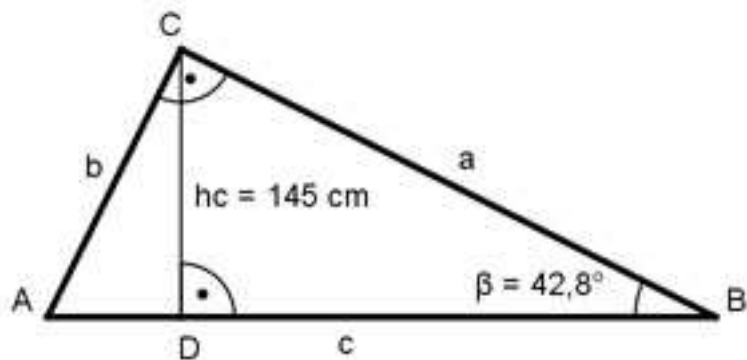


Trigonometrie Aufgabe 35

Berechnen Sie a, b und c.



$$\alpha = 90^\circ - \beta = 90^\circ - 42,8^\circ = 47,2^\circ$$

Im Dreieck DBC:

$$\sin \beta = \frac{h_c}{a} \quad | \cdot a$$

$$a \cdot \sin \beta = h_c \quad | : \sin \beta$$

$$\mathbf{a = \frac{h_c}{\sin \beta} = \frac{145 \text{ cm}}{0,6794} = 213,4 \text{ cm}}$$

Im Dreieck ABC:

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{a}{c} \quad | \cdot c$$

$$c \cdot \sin \alpha = a \quad | : \sin \alpha$$

$$\mathbf{c = \frac{a}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{213,4 \text{ cm}}{0,7337} = 290,9 \text{ cm}}$$

Im Dreieck ADC:

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{h_c}{b} \quad | \cdot b$$

$$b \cdot \sin \alpha = h_c \quad | : \sin \alpha$$

$$\mathbf{b} = \frac{h_c}{\sin a} = \frac{145 \text{ cm}}{0,7337} = \mathbf{197,6 \text{ cm}}$$